Practical Implications of Urban Forest Management Programs to Improve Air Quality



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Many Agencies and People

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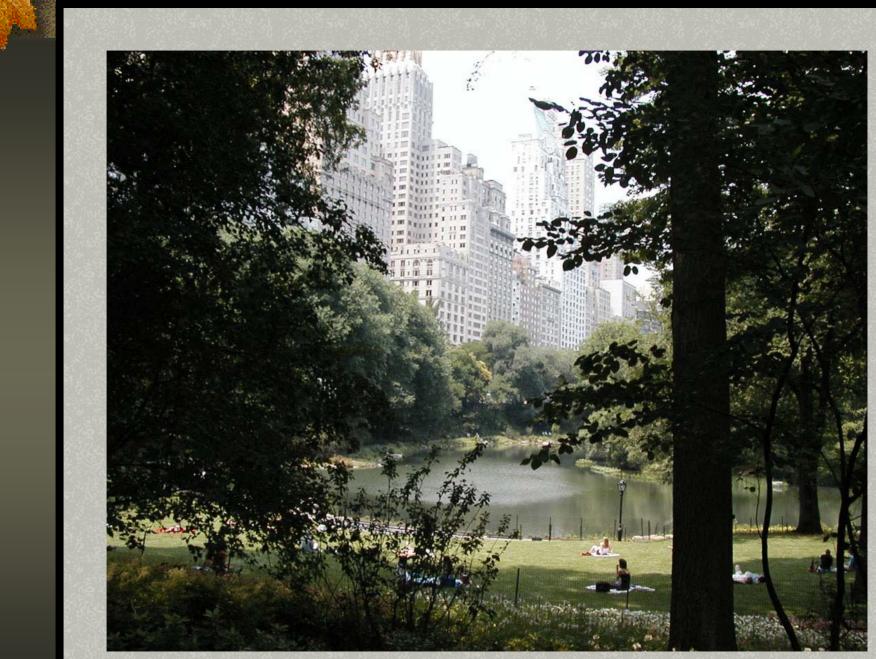
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Foundation belief

- Urban Forest (canopy) can have substantial impacts on ozone
 - Atlanta Study (Cardelino and Chameides, 1990)
 - DC to MA Study (Nowak et al, 2000)
 - CA Study (Taha, 1996)
 - NYC Study (Luley and Bond, 2002)



Conceptual Analysis: Increasing Tree Cover

$$C_T = C_B + C_G - C_M + C_N$$

where

 C_T = Target canopy cover

 C_B = Existing canopy

 C_G = Canopy growth

 C_{M} = Canopy cover loss

 $C_N = Canopy from planting$



C_{B}

- Strategy: measure accurately
 - What do we actually have?
 - Canopy (remote analysis available)
 - What is its structure?
 - Species, count, DBH, condition
 - How does it function?
 - Carbon
 - NOx and SOx
 - PM



C_B

- Need to <u>promote</u> local knowledge
 - Local structural analysis
 - Inventories of any kind
 - Local functional analysis
 - UFORE, STRATUM (others?)
- Need to <u>pool</u> local knowledge
 - How can we speak at state level?
 - Need sampling protocol (TIGER/line files)



CG

- Strategy: promote functionality
- Various means
 - Preservation
 - Protection
 - Ordinance
 - Maintenance
 - Education





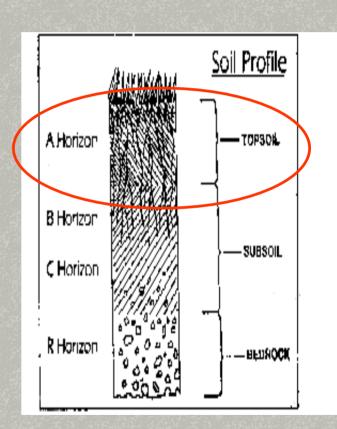
C_G

- Preservation and protection
 - New public emphasis, not just for huggers
 - Critical to keep with pace of development power, money issues
- Ordinance
 - Local code must reflect importance
 - NJ has experiment going



C_G

- Maintenance
 - Health is critical
 - Soil issues at center
 - Removals
 - Local manager support
- Education
 - Technical knowledge
 - Significance of effort
 - Good existing structures





CM

- Strategy: reduce mortality
- New forest
 - Selection, stock, installation
 - Water, mulch, fertilizer, training
 - Target: 5% annual (2 years)
- Established forest
 - Mulch, training
 - Target: 2% annual
- Ref. for percents: Miller, Urban Forestry



CM

- Gap between research and practice
 - Public practice
 - Private practice
- Big dollars involved
 - At beginning (replanting costs)
 - At end (ozone and all that)
- Sticks and carrots both necessary



CN

- Strategy: maximize return on effort
- NYC study: 1+ million trees per year for 10 years
 - Enough plantable space exists
 - 30 years to reach cover goals
- Trade off between planting rate and time to achieve modelled change



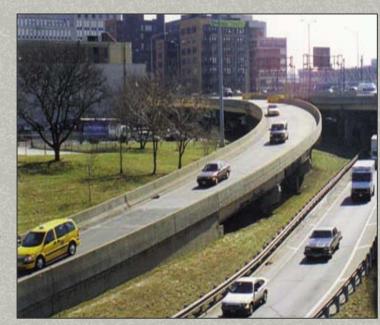
C_N

- Serious concerns
 - Sources
 - How to find that many trees
 - Specs
 - What size? What form? What species?
 - Sites
 - How will sites be identified and distributed?
 - Logistics
 - Storage, transportation, staging
 - Personnel
 - Who is going to plant? Oversight?



CN

- Tactics: identify likely locations
 - Public
 - Transport corridors
 - Institutions
 - Private
 - Corporate campuses
 - "Acres for Ozone"?
 - Institutions





Conclusions

- Serious but not insurmountable practical implications of trees-for-ozone policy
- These concerns affect policy-level decisions through cost/benefit analysis
- As policy work proceeds, practical planning should keep step
- Action step: create draft of practical planning document